

# Digital Video Quality Analyzer DVQ

# Always in the picture about picture quality

- Realtime measurement
- No reference signal required
- SSCOE scaling of quality levels
- Monitoring of picture freeze, picture loss and sound loss
- Program decoding
- Integrated MPEG2 decoder
- Histogram representation
   of quality levels
- Recording of quality profile (long-term)
- Internal event and error report and statistics
- Optional decoding of CA programs





In the year 2000 Rohde & Schwarz won an EMMY Award for DVQ in the category "Pioneering development of equipment to provide objective measurement of perceptible picture quality in digital television systems"

With Digital Video Quality Analyzer DVQ, the assessment of picture quality according to subjective criteria becomes an objective realtime measurement method. Picture quality is assessed from artefacts produced by digital compression. The method is based on the analysis of video data and can thus also be used where no reference video material is available. To this end, the optional PC software Quality Explorer™ is available, allowing complete display and analysis of all coding data as well as convenient remote control of DVQ and display of the recorded quality data.

The increasing use of digital, data-compressed TV signals calls for monitoring and assessment of the picture quality. Picture quality assessment is very strongly influenced by the subjective perception of the human eye.

DVQ is a tool that ideally satisfies both requirements. It determines the picture quality in relation to digital compression and evaluates the results according to the subjective criteria of visual perception.



# Characteristics

The method adopted for determining the quality is based on the analysis of DCTcoded video data applied to DVQ in a MPEG2 transport stream. The additional SDI input also allows evaluation of decompressed video data. Another important feature is quality analysis being performed in realtime so that any potential quality degradation can immediately be recognized and remedied. Moreover, this method allows long-term recording, monitoring and evaluation of picture quality. The unique combination of realtime capability and independence from a reference signal make DVQ an indispensable tool in the quality assessment of digital, DCT-coded video sequences.

## **Representation of quality levels**

The intermediate values determined by video data analysis are differentiated according to luminance (Y) and chrominance ( $C_b$  and  $C_r$ ) (DVQL-U). In a further automatic processing step the quality values are assessed according to the subjective masking effects produced by high temporal and/or spatial activities of the picture. The result of analysis is a reproducible quality level (DVQL-W) from "excellent" (100) to "bad" (0) on a SSCQE scale (see box) that is optimally adapted to the subjective picture perception.

The four parameters obtained can be read out in the following display modes:

- Bargraph (see front view of DVQ)
- Numeric display
- Long-term profile (FIG 3a)
- Histogram (FIG 3b)

For long-term recording of the quality levels, a time between 5 seconds and 5 hours can be selected.



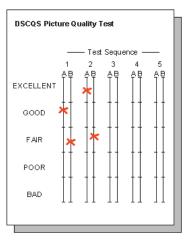
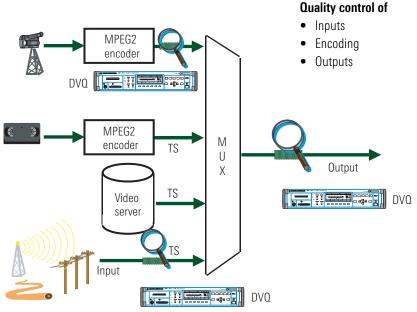


FIG 2: Quality scale for comparative (DSCQS) and absolute (SSCQE) subjective assessment of picture sequences

To make subjective quality ratings comparable, ITU (International Telecommunication Union) has specified two main test methods: the DSCQS (double stimulus continuous quality scale) method is exclusively used for comparative quality assessments. The SSCQE (single stimulus continuous quality evaluation) method is based on a single observation of the sequence to be assessed.

During the presentation the test person moves a slider on a scale from 0 (bad) to 100 (excellent) according to his/her subjective impression of picture quality. This method can be used when no original sequence is available as a reference and corresponds better to the real-life situation of the TV viewer who cannot see the picture recorded in the studio and to the measurement method implemented in DVQ.



# Recording of broadcasting failures

DVQ also detects and signals failures such as picture freeze, picture and sound loss (left and right separately) as well as failure to reach a defined minimum picture quality. All these events are continuously recorded in realtime in a report (FIG 3d) stating time, duration, program concerned, etc. Representation of the report can optionally be filtered according to the type of event. In this way any type of interference can exactly be reproduced and analyzed at a later date.

FIG 1: Playout center

In addition to the report, events are also recorded according to the type of event with error seconds of the failures (FIG 3c). Moreover there is an overview of all programs contained in a transport stream and of their current status regarding failures and picture quality.

## Decoder

In addition to the analysis unit, DVQ also has a built-in decoder for audio and video data in the format Mainprofile @ Main-Level and 4:2:2 Profile @ MainLevel. The program being analyzed is decoded and can simultaneously be viewed on a connected video monitor (CCVS or ITU-R 601 or SMPTE259M formats). The audio signals are available at the connectors both in analog and digital form (AES/ EBU).

### Alarm outputs

Altogether 12 relay outputs which can be allocated to one or several (ORed) events are fitted as standard. The switching mode (active when open or closed) can be set separately for each relay. In addition to the data interfaces, floating switching contacts are thus available for external signalling of failures and quality degradations.

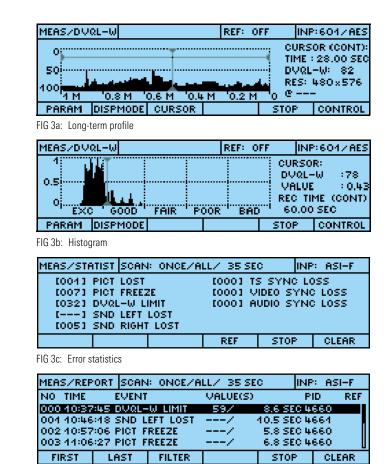


FIG 3d: Time-related report

#### Scan mode for several programs

An MPEG2 transport stream usually contains several programs made up of video and audio data streams. For automatic monitoring of all programs, a scan mode is provided in DVQ allowing all or selected programs to be successively analyzed for picture quality and interference over a selectable period of time. The threshold values for the detection of picture freeze, picture and sound loss as well as the minimum value for picture quality can be set separately for each program in the scan mode. Plus, the user can select – for each of these tests and separately for each program – after how many scans with consecutive errors a given error is to be recorded and processed. Thanks to these two setting facilities, monitoring can be optimally adapted to the specific characteristics of each program transmitted.

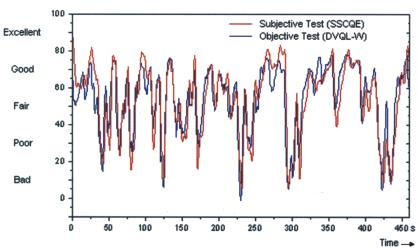


FIG 4: Comparison of objective test results (DVQL-W) and subjective quality assessments (SSCQE) for 480 s sample sequence

## **Comparative measurements**

For comparative quality measurements the quality analysis can simultaneously be carried out on two different signals. Quality analysis is carried out completely independently for each signal and the final result is formed from the differences found. There is no pixel comparison of two video data sources in this mode either. The reference signal as an uncompressed SDI video stream (to ITU-R 601/ 656 or SMPTE259M) or as a transport stream (ASI, SPI, or SMPTE310M with option DVQ-B3) is applied to the DVQ input that is not occupied by the signal to be analyzed. DVO automatically detects and compensates for any delay of up to  $\pm 5$  s between the reference and the test signal

# Operation

DVQ can be controlled manually via the keypad with fast-access keys for the main menus and softkeys for the submenus. The displayed contents of the clearly arranged LCD is inserted into the decoded picture at the video output. With a recorder connected the quality ratings can be logged together with the associated picture contents.

## **Remote control**

DVQ features full remote-control capability via the RS232 or Ethernet interface using the same commands in SCPI language. When using the Ethernet interface, the TCP/IP and SNMP protocols are available. DVQ has a built-in 32 Mbit memory for transport stream data. Depending on the data rate of the video stream, the memory is sufficient for storing a video data sequence of approx. 5 to 10 seconds. The sequence can be read out for in-depth analysis via one of the remote-control interfaces using for instance the Quality Explorer<sup>™</sup> (see data sheet PD 757.5450).

# Applications

The unique combination of realtime capability and independence from a reference signal opens up a wide field of applications for DVQ. Long-term recording and evaluation allows quality assessment that is closer to reality than that of short standardized test sequences.

# Quality monitoring in distribution networks

DVQ allows the picture quality to be monitored during program transmission and in realtime. Degradations in quality and failures can be recognized at an early stage so that remedial measures can be taken in time. Since the analysis method employed does not require any reference signals, DVQ is suitable for use wherever MPEG2-coded video data are transmitted or received.



FIG 5: Clearly visible blocking effects on digitally coded TV picture and – by comparison – picture without blocking

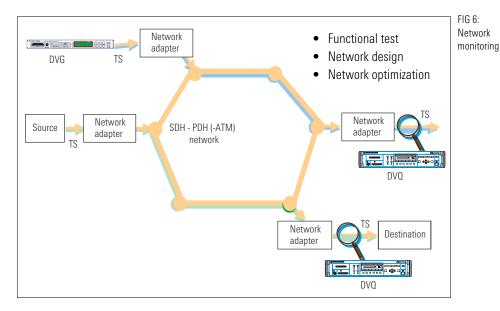
DVQ can be used to document the picture quality versus time at the gateway between two different networks. This could for instance be used as an evidence for the contractual performance of services.

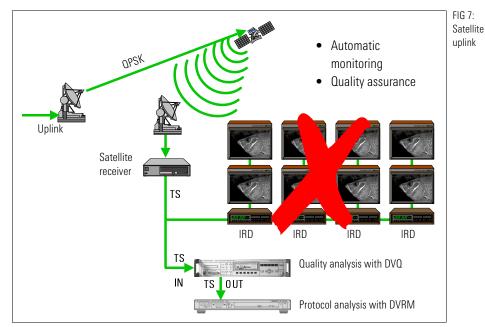
The network compatibility of DVQ ensures optimum integration into monitoring systems.

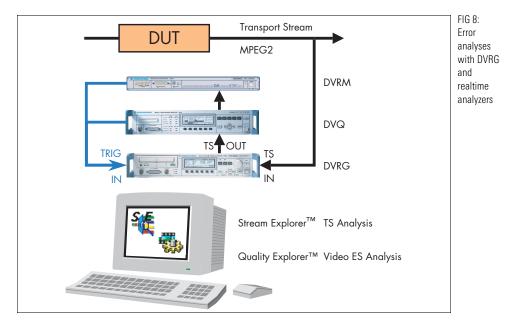
DVQ in conjunction with DTV Recorder Generator DVRG (see data sheet DVRG PD 757.5708) and, optionally, Realtime Monitor DVRM (see data sheet DVRM PD 757.5566) forms a complete monitoring system with recording capability even for very rare disturbances. The relay outputs of DVQ and DVRM are connected with the trigger input of DVRG, whose elaborate trigger characteristics make it possible to record a transport stream section of arbitrary length before and after an error event for subsequent detailed analysis.

## Program quality assessment

Again it is a benefit that the measurement method is based on the analysis of video data and does not need reference pictures. Instead of lengthy observations carried out by a test person, unknown program material can automatically be checked for its picture quality.







# Development as well as evaluation and setting of operational hardware

In the following application examples comparative quality measurement is mainly used since the changes in picture quality are of significance.

DVQ provides fast and automated evaluation of encoder algorithms and multiplex methods. The advantage here is that the evaluation is made according to subjective aspects under real conditions of use and with real program material.

Furthermore DVQ provides the means of optimizing the operational settings so that transmission can be as efficient and with as little resources as possible (low data rate), whilst maintaining the required minimum quality.

## Testing of set-top boxes

The effects of the receiver and internal processing on picture quality can conveniently be determined with the aid of DVQ. To this end, the MPEG2 transport stream is tapped at the common interface of the set-top box using a suitable adapter (SFQ-Z17). The artefacts in the test signal produced by coding can be excluded from analysis when using the reference mode.

Thanks to its two remote-control interfaces DVQ can ideally be integrated into automatic production environments and systems.

# **Options**

# CA Descrambler DVQ-B1x

Pay TV programs are as a rule transmitted in scrambled form to protect them against unauthorized access. Different CA systems are used, and the programs have to be descrambled accordingly to be able to analyze, decode and display the picture and sound contents same as unscrambled contents.

DVQ comes with options for the most common CA systems. The options incorporate a card reader, whose slot is provided on the front of the unit. It takes up the smart card that is issued by the broadcaster of the program in question and serves as the subscriber's identity card. The smart card is not included in the DVQ-B1x options but has to be provided by the user.

Each DVQ can take up one CA option. With the required smart card inserted, the option descrambles the picture, sound and teletext contents of a program contained in a transport stream applied to the DVB/ASI input. The same transport stream with descrambled contents is available at the option's DVB/ASI output.

CA systems	Option
Conax	DVQ-B10
Nagravision	DVQ-B10
Viaccess	DVQ-B10
Irdeto	DVQ-B11
SECA-Mediaguard	DVQ-B12
NDS-Videoguard (BSkyB)	DVQ-B15
Betacrypt BetaDigital DTAG ORF	DVQ-B16
Cryptoworks	DVQ-B17

Other systems on request

## SMPTE310M Interface DVQ-B3

This option is a serial interface to SMPTE310M standard for ATSC. It replaces the TS/ASI input on DVQ's front panel.

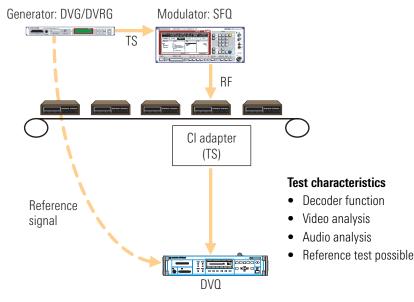


FIG 9: Production of set-top boxes

## Quality Explorer<sup>™</sup> DVQ-B1 software

The optional software package is installed on an external Pentium II PC and connected to DVQ via the serial or Ethernet interface. It allows in-depth display, analysis and decoding of the coded video data in MPEG2 format down to bit and byte level.

The following display modes are possible:

- Header and extension data at sequence, group and picture level
- Information at picture, slice and macro block level
- Type, DC value and motion vectors per macro block
- Macro block statistics and decoding of each individual macro block

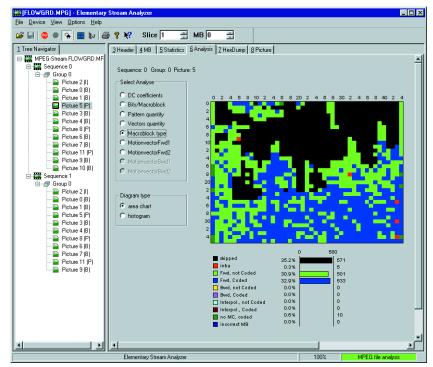


FIG 10: Statistical evaluation over entire frame according to macro block type

Flowergarden.mev] - Element File Device View Options Help	ary stream Analyzer	IG 11: letailed macro block
🖙 🖃 💿 🗣 🔳 🛃	A V N Slice BIL - MB124 - I	nalysis with decoding f values
1 Tree Navigator	3 Header 4 MB 5 Statistics 6 Analysis 7 HexDump 8 Picture	
MPEG-Stream Flowergards Group 0 Group 0 Ficture 2 (B) Ficture 2 (B) Ficture 2 (B) Ficture 3 (P) Ficture 4 (B) Ficture 5 (B) Ficture 5 (B) Ficture 7 (B) Ficture 7 (B) Ficture 8 (B) Ficture 9 (P) Fict	Precision:       8 Bit (255)         Block 3 Luminance       0         1096       300       95       0       0       0         320       20       -55       0       0       0       0       0       10       10       10       0       0       0       0       0       10       95       137       97       33       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0 <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	
	Elementary Stream Analyzer 100% Rows: 36 Slice: 30 Columns: 45 MB: 24	
	Clear history Grid	

# Software Quality Monitor<sup>™</sup>

This is a free-of-charge extra for DVQ which allows remote control of the unit and reading of measured values (temporal and spatial activities, data rate, DVQL–W quality values) from an external Windows-operated PC. DVQ is connected to the PC via serial or Ethernet interface. Measured values can be continuously stored in a data memory and graphically displayed using a compatible interchange format (CSV) (FIG 12).

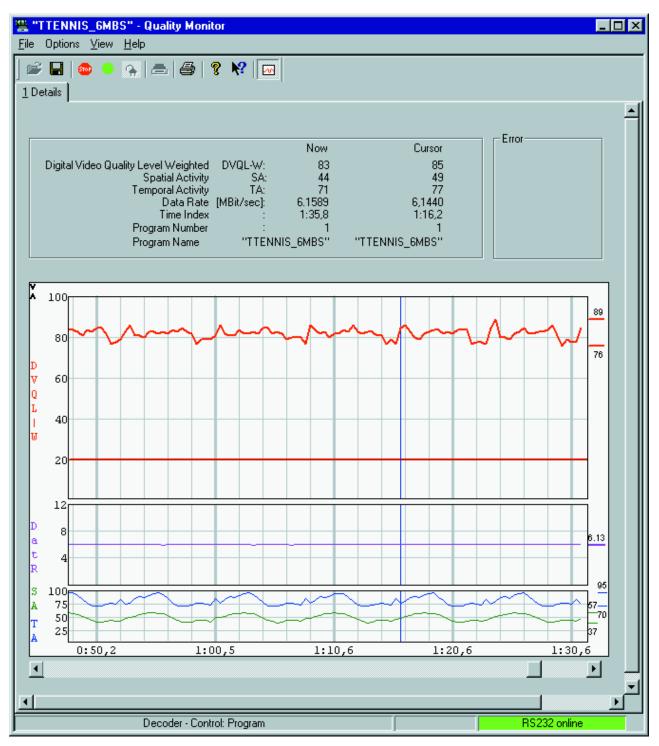


FIG 12: Measurement value presentation with Quality Monitor

# **Specifications**

#### Signal inputs

MPEG2 transport stream

Length of data packets Synchronous parallel (SPI-LVDS, to DVB-A010) Data rate

Asynchronous serial 270 Mbit/s (ASI, to DVB-A010) Data rate

Synchronous serial (ŚSI, to SMPTE310M) Data rate

Video serial digital 270 Mbit/s (SDI, to ITU-R 601/656 or SMPTE259M)

Audio serial digital (AES/EBU)

#### **Signal outputs**

MPEG2 transport stream Asynchronous serial 270 Mbit/s (ASI, to DVB-A010)

Video CCVS (PAL, SECAM, NTSC, MPEG2 transport stream) C/L gain C/L delay Return loss (0 to 6 MHz) Frequency response (typical values, measured with multiburst signal) 0 MHz to 3 MHz +2%/-2% <4 MHz +2%/-5%< 5 MHzVideo serial digital 270 Mbit/s (SDI, to ITU-R 601/656 or SMPTE259M)

#### Audio

Level (full scale) Frequency response (60 Hz to 15 kHz)

S/N ratio THD Audio left, audio right

Audio serial digital (AES/EBU)

#### Operation

Manual contro

Remote control

to ISO/IEC 13818-1

188/204/208 byte 25-pin connector on front panel 100 mV to 2 V (V\_{pp}), 100  $\Omega$  up to 80 Mbit/s

BNC connector on front and rear panel 200 mV to 1 V ( $V_{pp}$ ), 75  $\Omega$  up to 72 Mbit/s

BNC connector on front panel with DV-B310 option 19.392658 Mbit/s, ±500 Hz

BNC connector on rear panel to SMPTE259M

LEMO Triax connectors on rear panel 400 mV to 12 V ( $V_{pp}$ ), 110  $\Omega$ 

to ISO/IEC 13818-1 BNC connector on rear panel looped through from input

BNC connector on rear panel  $1 V \pm 1\% (V_{pp})$ , 75  $\Omega$  $\pm 2\%$  (measured on 20T signal) ±30 ns (measured on 20T signal) >34 dB +2%/-15% BNC connector on rear panel 800 mV ( $V_{pp}$ ), 75  $\Omega$ 

unbalanced, not floating 6/9/12/15 dBu ±0.5 dB ±0.5 dB relative to 1 kHz, into 600  $\Omega$ >70 dB, unweighted >70 dB LEMO Triax connectors on rear panel  $< 50 \Omega$ LEMO Triax connectors on rear panel 4 V (V<sub>pp</sub>), 110  $\Omega$ 

front-panel keys with LC display, output of test results on LCD as well as text inserted in video output signal

via RS232 interface or Ethernet (network)

#### Interfaces

Serial interface

Parallel interface

Network

Protocols Relay outputs Number

Active state

**Test parameters** 

Events

Recording Statistics

Report

Video data analysis

#### Display

Current values

Recorded values

Time frame for recording

Reference measurement Delay

9-pin sub-D connector on rear panel R\$232, 9600 to 115 000 baud, remote control, SCPI commands

25-pin sub-D connector on rear panel printer output

RJ45 connector on rear panel Ethernet, 10BaseT, 10 Mbit/s remote control, system integration

TCP/IP, SNMP 15-pin VGA connector on rear panel 12 with any allocation to events, ORed in case of allocation to several events separately selectable (open or closed)

sound loss left sound loss right picture loss picture freeze quality below (user-selectable) threshold

error seconds of events according to type display selectable according to type listing of events according to time optional filtering according to type display per entry: time, duration, PID, type temporal activity spatial activity digital video quality level, unweighted (DVQL-U), separately for luminance and chrominance (Y, C<sub>b</sub>, C<sub>r</sub>) digital video quality level, weighted (DVQL-W) total level corresponding to subjective assessment

bargraph numeric values time profile histogram 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 1 min, 5 min, 10 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 5 h single-shot or continuous

±5 s, automatically detected





## CA Descrambler Options DVQ-B1x

#### Signal input

MPEG2 transport stream Asynchronous serial 270 Mbit/s (ASI, to DVB-A010) Data rate

#### Signal output

MPEG2 transport stream Asynchronous serial 270 Mbit/s (ASI, to DVB-A010) Data rate

### General data

Rated temperature range Operating temperature range

Storage temperature range

Mechanical resistance Vibration, sinusoidal

Vibration, random

Shock

Climatic resistance

Electromagnetic compatibility

Power supply Power consumption

Electrical safety

Dimensions (W x H x D)

Weight

to ISO/IEC 13818-1 BNC connector on rear panel 200 mV to 1 V (V\_{pp}), 75  $\Omega$  up to 50 Mbit/s

to ISO/IEC 13818-1 BNC connector on rear panel 800 mV ( $V_{pp}),\,75\,\Omega$  same as input data rate

+5 °C to +40 °C 0 °C to +45 °C

-40 °C to +70 °C

5 Hz to 150 Hz, max. 2 g at 55 Hz, max. 0.5 g in range 55 Hz to 150 Hz, meets IEC 68-2-6, IEC 1010-1 and MILT-28800 D class 5 10 Hz to 300 Hz, acceleration 1.2 g (rms)

40 g shock spectrum, meets MIL-STD-810 D and MIL-T-28800 D class 3 and 5

95% rel. humidity, cyclic test at +25 °C / +40 °C, meets IEC 68-2-30

meets EN 50081-2 and 50082-2 (EMC directive of EU) 100 V to 240 V ±10%, 50 Hz to 60 Hz ±5% 20 W (without options) meets EN 61010-1 427 mm x 88 mm x 450 mm

5.7 kg (without options)

## Ordering information

Digital Video Quality Analyzer	DVQ	2079.6003.03
Accessories supplied	power cable, operating manual, audio adapter (LEMO Triax to XLR), modem bypass cable	
Options		
Quality Explorer™ Software	DVQ-B1	2079.7151.02
Quality Monitor™ Software	available free of charge at www.rohde-schwarz.com	
SMPTE310 Input	DVQ-B3	2085.7543.02
Descrambling options for CA systems		
Conax, Nagravision, Viaccess Irdeto SECA-Mediaguard NDS-Videoguard (BSkyB) Betacrypt BetaDigital Betacrypt DTAG Betacrypt ORF Cryptoworks	DVQ-B10 DVQ-B11 DVQ-B12 DVQ-B15 DVQ-B16 DVQ-B16 DVQ-B16 DVQ-B17	2079.7568.02 2079.7574.02 2079.7580.02 2079.7516.02 2079.7522.02 2079.7522.03 2079.7522.04 2079.7522.04
Calibration Data Documentation	DVQ-DCV	2082.0490.20
Recommended extras Common Interface Adapter TSout 19" Rack Adapter (2HU) for installation with handles (rackmoun Service Manual	SFQ-Z17 ZZA-211 t without handle 2079.7951.24	2081.9364.02 1096.3260.00 es on request)

(\*) see data sheet PD 757.5450



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